Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

Vol. VII.] TUESDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1806. [No. 1775.

SALES AT VENDUE.

On every Tuesday and Friday,
WILL BE SOLD,
AT THE VENDUE STORE,
corner of Prince and Water streets,
a variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.
Particulars of which will be expressed in the bills of the day.

ALL kinds of goods which are on limitation and the prices of which are established can at any time be viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation and prices.

P. G. Marsteller, V. M.

JUST RECEIVED,
A few bales Woollens,
Consisting of
Flannels, Coatings, narrow Cloths, and Baizes—Also one bale of Dowlas, that will be sold on liberal terms, by

James Patton.

Who has on hand, for Sale,
London Porter & Jamaica Rum
December 4 d6t

Just Received,
By the schooner Betsey, and
FOR SALE,
15,000 lbs. COFFEE,
30 barrels and tierces of SUGAR, and
6 tons of LOGWOOD.

E. JANNEY.

I wish to Rent,
A TWO STORY BRICK HOUSE,
ON the west side of Fairfax street, near opposite to Rickett and Newton's, will accommodate a family, and a flour and grocery store. There is a shed sufficient to hold 4,000 bbls. flour. E. J.
September 2 d

Wanted to Purchase,
A *NEGRO SERVANT*, who has been accustomed to wait in a family, and can be well recommended.—*Enquire of the Printer.*
November 10. d

Wanted to Purchase,
A FEW ACRES of LAND, on the north end of the town, to lind on the river or nearly so.

Apply to the Printer.
September 25. d

A MILLER WANTED.

One who can come well recommended will find employment by applying to the subscriber in Alexandria. E. JANNEY.
9th mo. 29th, 1806.

Just received from the Havana, and for sale by the subscriber,
A consignment of SEGARS, of the very first quality.

A. C. CAZENOVE.
October 25, d

Just Received,
Per ship Enterprize, Capt. Colcord, from Liverpool, laying at Merchants wharf,
AND FOR SALE,
A CARGO OF SALT,
Consisting of
500 sacks Liverpool stored,
5000 bushels do. coarse.
For terms apply to
William Hodgson.
November 3. d

FOR SALE,
On advantageous terms,
The large commodious well-built three story *BRICK WAREHOUSE* on King-street occupied by Messrs. Richard Veitch & Co.—Apply to

James Patton.
October 20. d

Robert Gray,
HAS JUST RECEIVED,
A large supply of SLATES, of an excellent quality,
For sale by the dozen or single.
November 6.

CARR'S
Stranger in Ireland.

A few copies received, for sale by ROBERT GRAY, Bookseller, King-street.
ALSO,
Ladies' and Gentlemens' Pocket Almanacks,
FOR THE YEAR 1807.
November 28.

Salt afloat.

500 bushels Ground Allum Salt, on board sloop Maria Antoinette, and for sale, by

Wadsworth & Butler.

Who have also landing, from said Sloop, at Vowell's wharf,
3 pipes Cognac Brandy,
20 boxes mould Candles,
50 barrels prime Beef,
10 do do. Pork,
5 quarter casks Teneriffe Wine.
November 26.

FOR SALE,
BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
27 hogsheads Jamaica rum, 4th proof
20 do. St. Croix do. 3d do.
10 do. N. Eng. do.
10 pipes Holland gin
4 do. American do. of superior qual.
2 do. L. P. Madeira wine } *of excellent*
2 do. L. M. do. do. } *qual. warranted pure.*
4 quarter casks do. do. }
5 do. Marsalla wine
20 bbls. prime beef—Connecticut inspec.
30 do. prime pork—New Jersey do.
10 boxes mould candles
25 do. English white soap—very dry
2 chests hyson-skin tea
100 bushels St. Ubes salt.

Wadsworth and Butler,
Union, between King and Prince-street.
October 18.

The Subscriber
Informs his friends, and the public in general, that he has now open, and for sale in the house lately occupied by Mr. A. C. Cazenove, on Fairfax, between King and Prince streets, a handsome assortment of

GOODS,
of this fall's importation—
—CONSISTING OF—
Superfine, Fine, and Forrest } *Cloths.*
Cassimeres, Waistcoatings,
Manchestry,
Plains and Kerseys,
Halfthicks and Napt Cottons,
Napt Frizes and Flushings,
Blue and grey Coatings,
Ladies superfine Coatings,
A handsome choice of Flannels,
Rose and striped Blankets,
Scarlet Cardinals,
Calicoes, Shawls and Handkerchiefs,
Printed Counterpanes,
Irish Linens and Dowlasses,
Russia Sheetings and striped Bedticks,
Brown and white Platillas,
White and brown Rolls,
Taboon Gurrahs,
Ammoodies,
Ships,
Loaf and Lump Sugar,
Pins, Needles, Buttons, and a good choice of taylors Silks Twist and Threads—All of which he is termined to sell at the most reduced prices for ready money. He hopes to meet with the encouragement his attention to business may seem to merit from a generous public.

Thomas B. Dyer.

N. B. He will rent the store house, kitchen and inery at Broad Creek, in Maryland, (holding unexpired lease for the same) with the lot of Ground thereto attached, containing a number of excellent apple trees—the ground equal to any for a garden—It is also an excellent stand for a tavern or blacksmith shop either of which would be immensely profitable if conducted and supplied in a proper manner. The terms will be made easy by early application as above.
November dtf

FOR RENT,
The STORE, on Prince-street, between Fairfax and Lee-street, lately in the occupation of Mr. Ramsay. It is well calculated for a dry or other goods store. The rent moderate. Apply to

William Hodgson.
Sept. 25. d

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13 hhds. SUGAR of good quality,
3 bbls. do.
5 pipes 4th proof Brandy
4 qr. casks Sherry Wine } of excellent
11 do. do. Madeira do. } quality.
Boxes of Cotton Cards
Sacks of Liquorice Root and Sago
Barrels of Clover and Herds Grass Seed
And a large quantity of Red Sole Leather,
For Sale

Benjamin Shreve, Jun
July 26.

Printing, in various branches, handsomely executed at this office.

PUBLIC SALE.
PURSUANT to an order of the circuit court of the district of Columbia, for the county of Alexandria, will be sold to the highest bidder, for ready money, at the coffee-house, on Monday, the 15th current, between the hours of 12 and 2 o'clock. a *NEGRO MAN*, who calls himself *Jerry*, and who was apprehended and committed to jail as a runaway,

R. Moss, D. M.
December 3. dts

FOR SALE,
BY LEWIS DEBLOIS,
Three bales of assorted 7-4 superfine Broad-Cloths, from 15 to 18*s* sterling cost.

Three bales of Ladies Habit Cloth, at 11*s* to 14*s* sterling.

Two bales of assorted plain and knapt Coatings, from 5*s* 9*d* to 12*s* sterling.

The above goods are of the latest importation, and purchased on advantageous terms, and will be sold at a very low advance for approved endorsed notes.
December 1. dtf

Just Received
And for Sale by the Subscriber,
10 hhds. retailing Molasses
12 tierces of good Rice
100 bbls. kiln-dried Corn Meal
3 hhds. old Antigua Rum
6 hhds. Green Coffee
20 casks of Lime, and
3000 bushels of Salt.

M. MILLER.
December 2. d

Russia Sheetings.
100 pieces entitled to debenture,
For sale by
John G. Ladd.
November 28. d

8000 bushels Salt,
Just received and for Sale by
Wadsworth and Butler.
November 10. d

Tanner's Oil.
A few barrels of *Tanner's Oil*, for sale by
Lawrason and Fowle,
Who have also now Landing
6 Puncheons Grenada Rum,
Barrels, half barrels, kids New Beef,
30 Boxes Cod-fish.
Nov. 15. d

Liverpool Salt, afloat.

450 hogsheads coarse Liverpool Salt, on board the brig Comet, Capt. Grow, from Portland, and for sale by

Lawrason and Fowle:
Who have also landing from said Brig,
80 barrels New-England Rum,
52 do. Tanners Oil,
170 boxes Brown Soap.
November 17. d

The Subscriber has received
The following ARTICLES,
Which he offers for Sale very low:
15 hogsheads first quality St. Croix Sugar
10 bales Tennessee cotton
6 pipes 4th proof cogniac brandy
10 hogsheads wel flavored 4th proof Jamaica rum
30 barrels New-England Rum.
AND ON HAND,
Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Skin, and First quality Souchong } TEAS of the latest importations.
Best green coffee in bags
Chocolate
Loaf and lump sugar
London particular Madeira
Particular Teneriffe
Lisbon, Sherry, and 150 dozen bottled Port, *very old WINES.*
A few cases claret, superior quality
Coniac and old peach brandy
Jamaica and Antigua spirits
Holland gin
NewEngland rum and whiskey
Mace, nutmegs, cloves and pimento
Black pepper, allspice, & ground ginger
Pearl barley, rice, starch, and fig blue
Dixon's Philadelphia, & English mustard
Refined Salt-Petre
Brown and white soap
Mould and dipt candles
Indigo, allum, madder, copperas, & roll brimstone
English gun-powder
Demijohns

James Sanderson.
September 17.

Just Published,
BY COTTOM AND STEWART,
[PRICE ONE DOLLAR]
An Abridgment of the History of England,
From the Invasion of JULIUS CAESAR, to the Death of GEORGE the II.
BY DOCTOR GOLDSMITH.
And continued down to the PEACE of AMIENS, (1802) by an eminent writer.
December 5.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA—*To wit:*

WHEREAS *ABEL JANNEY*, one of the copartners of the late firm of Janney & Paton, hath, by his petition in writing, applied to the honorable Nicholas Fitzhugh, one of the assistant judges of the circuit court of the district of Columbia, to be admitted to the benefit of the act of Congress, for the relief of insolvent debtors within the district aforesaid, and has stated therein that he is in confinement in the jail bounds of Alexandria county, at the suit of Heiskell and Sowers, and being unable to discharge the said claim with others against him, has offered to deliver up to the use of his creditors, all his property, real, personal or mixed—*Notice is therefore given*, to the creditors of the said *Abel Janney*, that on Wednesday, the 10th of December, between the hours of 8 o'clock in the forenoon and 4 in the afternoon of the same day, at the court-house in Alexandria, the oath of an insolvent debtor will be administered to the said *Abel Janney*, and a Trustee appointed agreeably to the said act of congress: unless cause be then and there shewn to the contrary.

By order of the Honorable *Nicholas Fitzhugh*, Assistant Judge of the circuit court, of the District of *Columbia*, this 26th day of November, 1806.

G. DENEALE, c. c.
November 26. 2aw

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA *To wit:*

WHEREAS *William Paton, Junr.* one of the copartners of the late firm of Janney & Paton, hath, by his petition in writing, applied to the Honorable Nicholas Fitzhugh, one of the assistant judges of the circuit court of the district of Columbia, to be admitted to the benefit of the act of Congress, for the relief of insolvent debtors within the district aforesaid, and has stated therein that he is in confinement in the jail bounds of Alexandria county at the suit of Heiskell and Sowers, and being unable to discharge the said claim with others against him, has offered to deliver up to the use of his creditors, all his property, real, personal or mixed—*Notice is therefore given*, to the creditors of the said *William Paton*, that on Wednesday the 10th of December, between the hours of eight o'clock in the forenoon and four in the afternoon of the same day, at the court-house in Alexandria, the oath of an insolvent debtor will be administered to the said *William Paton*, and a trustee appointed agreeably to the said act of Congress, unless cause be then and there shewn to the contrary.

By order of the honorable Nicholas Fitzhugh, assistant judge of the circuit court of the district of Columbia, this 26th day of November, 1806.

G. DENEALE, c. c.
November 26. 2aw

Patent Elastic Suspenders,
To be had, wholesale and retail, of the patentee next door below Mr. Alexander M'Kenzie's, lower end of Prince street, Alexandria.

THEY surpass any yet extant, for ease, elegance, &c. Masters of vessels and other gentlemen going to the West Indies, Spanish Main, &c. may be furnished with an assortment, and a great allowance to those who purchase by the quantity.

N. B. The buttons on the back parts of the waistband ought to be placed the same distance from each other, as the two center buttons on the Suspenders, to prevent improper straining and thereby destroying the ease designed in the construction of the article.

July 8 RICHARD HORWELL.

Clover Lots and building Lots.

I WILL RENT for a term of years, or LEASE on ground rent for ever, a number of LOTS on Washington and Columbus streets—some of which are well taken with Clover

J. H. HOOE.

N. B. I will also RENT for one or more years, a small *HOUSE*, with a good *GARDEN*, on Gibbon street.
July 28. taw

DOCUMENTS

ACCOMPANYING THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE OF THE 2D INST.

[CONCLUDED]

COPY.

Natchitoches, August 31, 1806.

SIR,

By the return of colonel Hopkins, I am honored with your excellency's reply to my communication of the 26th inst.

I continue of opinion that the advance of Spanish troops within a territory claimed by the United States, is evidence of an unfriendly disposition; nor can I perceive any thing in your excellency's letter, which can justify or extenuate the offensive conduct observed towards Mr. Freeman and his associates, or the indignity offered in the Caddo nation to the American flag.

You have not denied, sir, that the French when in possession of Louisiana, had established a garrison on the Red river, far beyond the place where Mr. Freeman and his associates were arrested on their voyage; or that the Caddo Indians were formerly considered as under the protection of the French government. The silence of your excellency on these points, proceeds probably from a knowledge on your part of the correctness of my statements. I shall, however, touch no further on these transactions in my correspondence with your excellency; but will hasten to lay the same before the president of the United States, who will know what measures to direct when wrongs are offered to the American nation.

I cannot, however, refrain from expressing my displeasure at the arrest and detention under your excellency's orders, of the three citizens of the United States, Shaw, Irvin and Brewster; they are charged with no offence which would warrant imprisonment and transportation to St. Antonio. A state of actual war between our two nations could not have justified your conduct towards those unoffending citizens. I can venture to assert that the suspicions of your excellency as to the objects of Shaw, Irvin and Brewster, are unfounded. They certainly could have no particular inducements to notice the positions and movements of your troops. The fact I believe is, that these men were desirous of gratifying their curiosity, and wished your excellency's passports to visit St. Antonio. Under this impression, and from the circumstance that they were within the territory claimed by the United States. I deem it my duty to demand their release, and speedy restoration to their country. It cannot be supposed that the distance to St. Antonio, or their personal convenience, occasioned the escort which attended them. They appear, on the contrary, to have been treated by your excellency as state prisoners, and as such I have information of their having passed through Nacogdoches under a strong guard. Your excellency will recollect that the subjects of his Catholic majesty, are daily in the habit of visiting the post of Natchitoches, and cannot but observe the positions and movements of the American troops; they, however, are permitted to pass without molestation.

A friendly and innocent intercourse between the citizens of the one, and the subjects of the other power, has not as yet been interdicted by this government. I am persuaded, therefore, that your excellency will see that the arrest of Shaw, Irvin and Brewster, was premature, and that their detention is highly improper. I have no personal knowledge of these three men: they are American citizens, and of course under the protection of the government of the United States. In the name of that government, therefore, I do now demand their release, and that they be restored to their country as soon as possible.

Pending the negociation between our respective governments, I could wish that hostilities should not commence in this quarter, but, if provoked to it, by the unjust aggressions of the forces of his Catholic majesty, the troops of the United States will endeavor to maintain their own and their country's honor.

Lieut. Duforest, of the American army, is charged with the delivery of this letter to your excellency, and to bear me such answer as you may think proper to return.

I renew to your excellency the assurances of my respectful consideration.

(Signed)

WM. C. C. CLAIBORNE.

His excellency governor *Herrara.*

Extract of a letter from general Wilkinson to the secretary of war, dated

"Head quarters, Natchitoches, Oct. 4, 1806.

"I yesterday morning received governor Cordero's answer to my address of the 24th ult. conceived style of this letter, covered contrasted with those of governor Herrara to colonel Cushing and governor Claiborne, combined to the circumstances of the Spanish troops having recrossed the Sabine to a man, has induced me, on the ground of economy and of expediency also, to discharge the militia who had reached this place, and to countermand those under march, except about 100 dragoons and mounted infantry, whom I shall retain in service (until I am apprized of the determination of the captain general, Salcedo) to watch the movements of our neighbors."

Head quarters of the army of the United States,

Natchitoches, Sept. 24, 1806.

SIR,

After the recent communications which have passed between his excellency governor Herrara, colonel Cushing and governor Claiborne, and his reiterated repulsion of their reasonable and rightful demands; I will confess to your excellency that nought but the very high and solemn obligations which I owe to humanity, could vanquish the repugnance with which I now have the honor to address you, on a topic profoundly interesting to our respective nations, inasmuch as it may involve a question of peace or war.

The differences of opinion which have prevailed, concerning the contested limits of Louisiana, having been submitted to amicable negociation by our respective sovereigns; the appeal to rational enquiry is an admission of the dubiosity of the right, and therefore should prevent any change of military positions, posterior to the delivery of the province of Louisiana to the United States.

The government of the American union, founded in right, and conducted by reason, has been instructed by the history of other times, how to value the blessings of peace; and being unambitious of conquest or military fame, is desirous to preserve a fair & friendly understanding with all the powers of the earth.

Thus circumstanced, and under daily expectation of a favorable issue to the depending negociations, it would mark a sanguinary spirit, and be a most ungracious and unwarrantable deed, were the military officers of either government by an act of precipitancy, to frustrate the benevolent views of pacific discussion; and make way for the commencement of hostilities, whose final issue may baffle human foresight, but whose probable consequences would be scenes of revolution and bloodshed, offensive to humanity, and subversive of the general policy of nations.

In this state of things I am ready to pledge myself that pending the negociations of the two countries, nothing shall be attempted against his catholic majesty's subjects or territories by the troops under my command; unless his officers should attempt, as they have already done, to innovate the "statu quo" at the surrender of the province, by occupying new ground, or erecting new posts, or unless they should trespass on the rights of the citizens, or violate the sovereignty of these states; the former conduct will compel counter movements and occupancies, and the latter will not only justify recrimination, but will infallibly excite it; and thus hostilities may be produced, notwithstanding the peaceful dispositions of the high powers, to whom we are respectively accountable.

When the troops of the United States took possession of this post, the Spanish commandant, from whom it was received, did not define the limits of his jurisdiction; yet it was notorious that Nacogdoches formed the barrier post of the approximate province of Texas. It was known also that controversies had existed between France and Spain, respecting the western limits of Louisiana, and we had been assured by monsieur Laussatt, the French commissioner, who delivered the province to the United States, that the pretensions of France went so far west as the Rio del Norte. But we were not informed that any line of demarkation had ever been traced to partition these provinces.

Whether such a line of territorial jurisdiction had ever been established or not, been the provinces of Louisiana and Texas, one had been rendered indispensable by the sale of the former to the U. States, for the administration of justice, the security of property, and the prevention of hostile collisions; and these states with pretensions far more extensive, adopted the Sabine river as the most obvious, most convenient, most natural and least exceptionable temporary boundary.

I am therefore, sir, commanded by the president of the United States to inform you, "that the actual quiet possession of the country by the U. S. east of the river Sabine, ought and will be considered as fully within the limits of the country surrendered to the U. S. on taking possession of this place, and therefore any attempt on the part of his Catholic majesty's officers to disturb the existing state of things, by endeavoring to occupy any new post east of the Sabine, or westward or northward of the former boundaries of what has been called West Florida, must be considered by the government of the U. States as an actual invasion of their territorial rights and will be resisted accordingly." While I submit these commands to your grave consideration in the hope they may have due weight, it becomes my duty to demand from you the withdrawal of the troops of Spain to the west of the Sabine.

My sense of the high respect due from one old soldier to another, prohibit the idea of menace, but as our honor forbids stratagem or deception, before our swords have been drawn, I owe it to my own fame and to the national character, to warn you that the ultimate decision of the competent authority has been taken, that my orders are absolute and my determination fixed, to assert, and (under God) to sustain the jurisdiction of the U. S. to the Sabine river against any force which may be opposed to me.

Retire sir, I conjure, you the troops of your command, from the ground in controversy, and spare the effusion of human blood, without prejudicing your own honor, or the substantial interest of his majesty, your royal master.

Colonel Thomas H. Cushing, chief des etats major of the army of the U. States, has my orders to deliver this letter to you and to wait a reasonable time for your answer.

I pray God to keep your excellency in his holy protection for many years, and have the honor to be

Your most obedient,

And humble servant,

J. WILKINSON.

His Excellency Gov. Cordero, &c.

Nacogdoches Camp, Sept. 29th, 1806.

EXCELLENT SIR,

By the hands of colonel Thomas Cushing chief of the general staff of the U. S. army, I have had the honor yesterday to receive your excellency's letter, written from your head quarters at Natchitoches.

Being unauthorised to enter into a discussion of the serious and interesting matters on which you treat, I hope your excellency will excuse me for transmitting your letter with the utmost celerity to the hands of the captain general brigadier Ximesio Salcedo, under whose orders I act, and I shall transmit to your excellency his answer in the same manner, by the hands of an officer of my staff.

While thus acting, I have the honor to offer to your excellency my respectful consideration, praying God to keep you alive many years.

I am, sir, your excellency's most humble and obedient servant,

(Signed)

ANTONIO CORDERO.

His excellency Don Jas. Wilkinson governor of Louisiana, and general of the army of the U. S. of America.

Extract of a letter from general Wilkinson to the secretary of War, dated

"*Natchitoches, October* 21 1806.

"Accidental causes having delayed the bearer, I am enabled to transmit you under cover the answer of governor Cordero to my note of the 4th instant, of which a copy has been forwarded, and a duplicate will accompany this.

"I send you a literal copy the governor's letter in place of a very imperfect translation, which, however, serves to remove all doubts of the continued pretensions of the Spaniards to extend their jurisdiction to the Areoya Fea, within seven miles of this post, and confirms my determination to advance to the Sabine, for which point, my arrangements being completed, I shall march to-morrow morning; but agreeably to the idea expressed in a former letter, I intend propose to the Spanish commander the withdrawal of our troops respectively to the points of occupancy at the period of the surrender of the province to the United States, and in case of his refusal I shall governed by circumstances.

"I am informed the governor general Salcedo, was to be at Nacogdoches on the 22d proximo."

Head Quarters Natchitoches, Oct. 4th, 1806.

SIR,

I have had the honor to receive your excellency's letter of the 9th ultimo, by colonel Cushing, and shall expect the answer of his excellency the captain general Salcedo, with solicitude.

In the mean time I shall move toward the Sabine, and to prevent misinterpretation of my motives, consider it proper to apprize you, that my movement is made solely to demand the pretensions of the U. S. to the territory east of that river, and with hostile intentions against the troops or subjects of Spain.

This step has been rendered essential to the honor of the United States by the movements and occupancies of his excellency governor Herrera, and it is also justified by the position which the troops of your excellency's command have recently taken immediately on the western bank of the Sabine, sixty miles advanced of Nacogdoches.

I avail myself of a casual but certain conveyance, and I pray God to keep you in his holy protection for many years.

J. WILKINSON.

His excellency Antonio Cordero, commander in chief of the troops of Spain on the eastern frontier of the province of Texas.

NEW-YORK, December 4.

Latest intelligence from Europe.

By the Danish ship Providence, the editors of the New-York Gazette have received Hamburg papers to the 10th of October, inclusive: from which the following Translations are made.

The news now given is important, because it plainly shews a determination on the part of the Confederated Powers, to check the progress of the ambitious Corsican at the point of the bayonet—it will be good for the world if they succeed.

Cleves, Sept. 26.—The military preparations on the part of the Prussians and French are very formidable. Exclusive of the grand French army which is still in Germany, and which actually amounts to 160,000 or 170,000 men, another army of 100,000 is collecting in the vicinity of Wesel.

Emmerick, Sept. 28.—We have just learnt that the whole camp of Zeizt, of 16,000 men, has broke up and marched towards Wesel, to be quartered in the vicinity of that fortress.—Their head quarters will be at Wesel, which fortress will be placed in a respectable state of defence.

Prague, Sept. 25.—A cordon of nine regiments of infantry and three regiments of cavalry, has been ordered to march partly towards Saxony and partly towards Anspach and Baireuth. It will be commanded by 3 field-marshals lieutenants—Kerpen, Gottesheim & Hohenlohe Bartenstein. A second one is ordered to advance from Austria.

Merseburg, Sept. 30 The Prussian army now concentrated in Saxony, amounts to about 150,000. The troops of Saxony have already joined those under Hohenlohe, who has in consequence dispatched several regiments to the main army. The corps under general Kalkreuth has already arrived from Pomerania, and joined the army.

The corps under the Duke Eugene, of Wurtemberg, has broke up from the vicinity of Nordhausen, and is marching by forced marches towards Westphalia. General Le Con passed through Heilegenstedt the day before yesterday, in order, as is reported, to to take the command in chief in Westphalia.

Hague, Sept. 30. Mr. Hope, of Amsterdam, arrived here a few days ago, and has frequent conferences with our government, which are supposed to relate to a loan for the expences of the present war.

October 4.

His majesty the king received a courier last Wednesday, at the moment when he was going to set out for the army at Ziest, and had given all the necessary orders for that purpose—after the arrival of which he put off his departure, for an unlimited time. He immediately after on the same day, held a cabinet council, and it was determined to call an extraordinary assembly of their mightinesses, for which purpose the necessary circulars to the absent members were issued without delay. It is said that his majesty would personally make some important communications to their high mightinesses on the state of the finances.

FRANKFORT, *on the Main, Oct.* 3.

His majesty the emperor Napoleon arrived here from Mentz in the night between the 1st and 2d instant, accompanied by his brother prince Jerome, and many eminent military officers. His majesty set out from hence for Aschaffenburg.

VIENNA, Sept. 24.

His majesty the emperor set out for upper Austria to view the arrangements mak-

ing there for the defence of the country, in the vicinity of the city of Emns, and along the river of the same name. For his reason the archduke Charles will also set out for that quarter at the end of this or the beginning of the next week.

On the same day his royal highness the archduke Joseph departed for Ofen, and the archdukes Anthony, Rainerus and Lewis accompanied him, and will take a trip to Agtam on a visit to the Banus of Croatia, general count Gyulay.

Under the present existing circumstances in Europe and the North of Germany, his majesty the emperor has determined to adopt an armed neutrality.

Orders have been issued for the frontiers of the Austrian monarchy, and particularly those parts which may probably become the vicinity of the scene of war to be strongly occupied by troops; and it is reported that the archduke Charles will set out next week for the frontiers of upper Austria and Bohemia.

On account of the usual autumnal manœuvres, all those absent from the army on furlough have been called in.

The emperor has accepted the offer of the lower Austrian provinces of furnishing the forced loan of seventy three millions ALONE, and has declined the similar tender of the commercial interest of Vienna.

TRIESTE, Sept. 14.

According to letters of the 4th instant, from Cataro the Russian commandant still refused to surrender it, and many Grecian families had petitioned the court of Russia for protection, as they would otherwise be threatened with the most dreadful massacre in their province.

BRANNAU, Sept. 20.

Every thing remains quiet her until this day. The French are no longer engaged in repairing the fortifications of this city. The Austrian troops hitherto encamped at Salzburgh, are for the greater part retreating; and many furloughs for four & six months are granting from the infantry and cavalry regiments.

MUNICH, Sept. 23.

Marshal Soult will remove his head quarters to Ratisbon; and the French army will be posted on the Danube, and the Bavarian on the Inn.

The war tax of twelve and an half per cent, has occasioned the greatest sensation here among the citizens. The pressure of the times will no doubt soon become so hard, as to render the issue of some kind of paper currency necessary.

RATISBON, Sept. 26.

The French troops hitherto assembled in Bavaria have formed a camp for general muster near Landshut. From thence they are to break up for Franconia, and are chiefly destined for Baireuth. On their march they will halt here, and the head quarters of Marshal Soult will remain here some time.

It is said that general Mack has been condemned to death by court martial; but the sentence is still subject to the ratification of the emperor.

Berlin, September 30.

The French ambassador lately received two couriers within the space of an hour, and he has since been observed to make unusual preparations for his departure, which cannot, however, take place, until his passports arrive here from the royal head quarters. It is said that he will be appointed ambassador to Vienna, and immediately proceed thither with his lady & daughter.

Marquis Lucchesini is expected here today from Paris.

Mr. Durand, French ambassador at Dresden, obtained his passports on the 23d, and departed the next day.

Hamburgh, Sept. 26.

Baron Jacobi, who passed the last eight days here, set out this morning for London, after having received a courier yesterday from Naumberg, the Prussian head quarters.

October 9.

From all the latest accounts, the French army seems to concentrate itself between Bamburg and Wirtsburg, and all the march. ing divisions take their route in that direction.

The Russian armp under Kutusow and Prince Bagration, on its march to join the Prussians, is estimated at 80,000 men.

Altona, October 11.

Bamberg and Wirtzburgh, it appears, are to be a place of rendezvous for the French army. From thence they are preparing to extend more to the left.

The corps of general Soult forms the right wing, which is in motion all along the Danube. Next to this is the army of the confederacy.

The Prussian army is stationed at Meynuogen, Eisenach and Gotha, opposite that of the French. The Prussian head quarters are at Erfurt.

The elector of Hesse Cassel is maintaining an armed neutrality.

It is said that two Russian armies of 50,000 men each, are rapidly advancing towards the Prussian armies, and, if we might form an opinion, from the large military stores collected in Liebau, a third Russian army is expected.

The Prussian army of reserve, assembled at Kostris, is advancing along the Spree towards Berlin.

Should both armies take the field with an equal ardor for conquest, more blood will be shed in this than any former campaign ever recorded in the annals of the world.

BY THIS DAY'S MAIL.

NEW YORK, December 6.

The ship Walker, captain Barney, after being detained at the Hook for several days by foggy and tempestuous weather, came up last evening. She left Liverpool on the 14th of October, and brings London papers to the evening of the 11th, and Liverpool papers to the 13th; one day later than our advices by the Ceres.

Our intelligence from the continent of Europe, contained in these papers, extends only to the 3d of October; we had previously translated for the Mercantile Advertiser continental news to the 11th, by way of Altona. The only interesting articles, therefore, of which we had no previous account from any other quarter, are

That baron Jacobi, the Prussian minister, arrived in London from Hamburgh on the 10th October, in a British packet, which had sailed up the Elbe for the purpose of receiving him.

That on the moment the signal was given of the recal of lord Lauderdale from Paris, three or four armies which were afloat were sent to hurl the vengeance of the British thunder against the commercial resources of her enemies in Italy, Africa and America, their particular destination not mentioned.

That the king in council had issued an order permitting for six months the importation of several articles of provisions free of duty; and another authorising the importation and exportation of various articles into and from Rode Harbor in the island of Tortola.

Price of Stocks, October 11th—Consols 6 1-2, Omnium 4 1-2, Fine Flour 74s. 2 1-2 per sack.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 6.

Arrived last night ship Minerva, Smyth, from Batavia. Left there, 30th July, ships Sidney, Franklin (late Norman) for Baltimore, time of sailing uncertain; Apollo, Latimer (late Beard) for do. in a month; brigs Mars, Gardiner, do. in 6 or 8 weeks; Robert, Dunkin, do. in 2 or 3 months; Charles, Styles, do. in 3 months; Swanwyck, Cox, Philadelphia in 3 months; Illinois, Rogers, N. York in 3 or 4 months; ships Calumet, Trevitt; and Eliza, Stanwood, both of Boston, sailed beginning of June for Sourabaya, to lay there until the crops came in. The Fanny, Smith of Philadelphia, and Juno, Bates of Boston, sailed 25th May for Canton; the Egeria, Russell of Providence, sailed 20th June for Isle of France; brig Eutaw, Gant of Baltimore, sailed 22d June for Canton; ship Minerva, Hussey of Providence, sailed 22d June for Bengal and Manilla; the brig Union, Oxnard, from Samaraz for Baltimore, passed Angier Roads 27th July. July 31, off Bantam Point spoke ship Asia, Williamson, 98 days from Philadelphia for Canton. October 16, lat. 1 15, N. long. 28 w. spoke ship Cyrus of Nantucket, 49 days from London, bound to the South Sea. November 12, lat. 29, long. 68, brig Commerce, twenty seven days from Madeira for New York. 13th, lat. 29 31, long. 68 30, schooner Fair American, Southward, 5 days from Baltimore for Guadaloupe. 15, lat. 30 30, long. 70 30, schooner Neptune, Bell, from New York for Curracoa, out 7 days. 21st, lat. 33 32, long. 69, spoke schooner Experiment, from Baltimore for Barbadoes, out 3 days.

Also ship Mars, Henrick, of Philadelphia, 45 days from Kinsale (Ireland). The ship Abeona, Shaw, of Savannah for Liverpool, sailed from Kinsale 21st October. The ship ——, Rankin, of Philadelphia, from Rotterdam bound to Dublin, sailed same day. The ship Charleston, of New York, from Liverpool for Charleston, sailed 19th October. October 24, six leagues west of Cape Clear spoke brig Commerce, Augar, from Cork for New York.

Also ship Echo from Norfolk.

December 7.

Arrived last night schooner Ocean, Barney, from St. Bartholomews.

Also British sloop Two Friends, Gibbons, 15 days from Bermuda.

Also schooner Dorothy, Sexton, 6 days from New York.

Also ship Joseph and Phœbe, M'Corkle, 56 days from Bremen. Left ship Romulus, Lufkin, of Newburyport, to sail shortly. Spoke the ship Severn, Bryden, from Baltimore, arrived in the Weser the evening before she sailed. The ship Abigail, Bang, for Philadelphia, sailed 14 days before.

Also Bremen barque Unternehmung, Wendt, 55 days from Bremen. November 29, long. 70 12, lat. 34, spoke a white bottomed ship, 9 days from Havanna for Baltimore. The English brig Watson from Liverpool, is aground in the river. Off the Capes spoke brig Two Brothers, Richardson, from Havanna—saw her come into the bay.

RICHMOND, Dec. 5.

General Assembly of Virginia.

The Legislature of Virginia have not yet entered upon any business of considerable importance. The house of delegates have principally spent the three last days in the usual manner, in receiving and reading petitions. There are some readers however who delight in such dull but useful chronicles of roads, bridges, ferries & inspections; and such we shall attempt to gratify, by giving copious extracts from the Journals in our next paper.

On Tuesday the speaker proceeded to name the members who should constitute the standing committees of the house.

A committee of courts of justice was appointed "To take into their consideration all matters relating to courts of justice and such other matters as shall from time to time be referred to them; and report their proceedings with their opinion thereupon to the house; and also to examine what laws have have expired since the last session, and to examine such temporary laws as will expire at the end of the present session, or are near expiring, and report the same with their opinion which of them are fit to be revised and continued."

A committee of Claims was appointed, to "take into their consideration all public claims to them referred, and to report their proceedings with their opinion thereupon to the house."

A committee of Propositions and Grievances was appointed to "take into consideration all propositions and grievances which may come legally certified to this assembly, and report their proceedings with their opinion thereon to the house."

A committee of Privileges and Elections was appointed "to examine in the first place all returns for electing delegates to serve in this present general assembly, and to compare the same with the form prescribed by law; and take into their consideration such matters as shall or may come in question concerning elections and privileges; and report their proceedings with their opinion thereupon, from time to time to the house."

A committee of Finance was appointed.

Also a committee to examine the executive expenditure for the last year.

Also a committee to examine the clerk's office.

The appointment of officers will furnish a more interesting subject of enquiry.—On Tuesday the Rev. Mr. Courtney was nominated as Chaplain to the house of delegates, which was superceded by the previous question, whether any Chaplain *at all* should be appointed. This question was decided in the negative by a majority of 2 votes.

On Wednesday, after having pronounced a very handsome eulogium on the lamented and venerable George Wythe, Mr. Harvie submitted a resolution, that the house should testify their respect for his memory by wearing a badge of mourning for thirty days. This resolution was *unanimously* adopted. He was succeeded by general Minor, who recommended Creed Taylor, Esq. as the successor of this illustrious judge.

Agreeably to a joint resolution, both houses proceeded yesterday to ballot for a candidate to fill this important office: when the appointment of Mr. Taylor was confirmed, without any opposition, and with ONLY TWO dissentient votes.

The house next proceeded to the appointment of governor or chief magistrate of the commonwealth, when W. H. Cabell, was re-elected without the slightest opposition.

Mr. Samuel Pleasants was also re-elected printer to the state, without any opposition.

The legislature have determined by a joint vote, to proceed on to-morrow to the choice of a candidate, to supply the vacancy in the executive council, occasioned by the death of Lyne Shackelford, esquire.

It is impossible as yet to anticipate the measures which may be called up in the legislature. A reform in the courts of justice, particularly the court of appeals, has been mentioned; and leave was yesterday given to bring in a bill to amend the judiciary system, which is supposed to embrace this object. As to the revenue system of Virginia it is difficult to say whether any amendment will be attempted. The governor's communication has sufficiently proven that SOME amendment is essentially necessary to secure the credit of the state, and to advance our public institutions.

The senate formed a quorum on Tuesday and re-elected their former officers.

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 9.

Extract of a letter, received by the last mail, dated the 9th ult. at Frankfort, Kentucky.

"There is nothing talked of here but the impeachment of judge Sebastian as a Spanish pensioner, holding an office under the Spanish government, and the arrest of Col. Burr,

"The legislature is now in session and occupied about the election of a senator to Congress. Adair, Pope, and general Hopkins are the candidates. There is much caucusing, and it is said that Burr is anxious for the re-election of Adair. "The Western World" has insinuated that Adair will be implicated in the Spanish conspiracy, and some members of the legislature have pledged themselves to prove it. In consequence of which the election is postponed ten days from this."

[*Frederick-Town Herald.*]

☞ Removal.

BRUSH MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the Public, that he has removed four doors above his former stand, and opposite Hodgkin's Indian-Queen tavern, where he has on hand and will constantly keep a general assortment of BRUSHES, which he offers for sale on as low terms as they can be purchased within the United States—Likewise Cake and Liquid Blacking, and a Liquid for polishing fairtop Boots.

John Shakes.

December 9. d3t

☞ Cash given for Hogs Bristles.

Fifty Dollars Reward,

For apprehending Richard Gotier,

WHO BROKE JAIL LAST NIGHT.

HE was committted, on his own confession, of passing counterfeit checks; He is about 5 feet 7 inches high, fair complexion, light hair, grey eyes, very much pitted with the small pox, and a good deal round shouldered. He was a sailor in the United States' service; had a blue sailors' jacket and trowsers, a long blue coat, several white linen shirts, a pair of shoes, and a very good black hat.

The above reward will be given for apprehending and securing the said *Gotier* in any jail, and giving me information thereof.

DANIEL C. BRENT, Marshal

Of the district of Columbia.

Washington City, Dec. 7. [8] d&w

PUBLIC SALE.

Will positively be sold, to the highest bidder, on the premises, on the 12th day of December next,

The Tract of Land whereon Thomas Pollard, sen. lived, in the county of Fairfax, on Popeshead Creek, containing about 550 acres. It is a valuable plantation, and lies about 20 miles from Alexandria, and about the same distance from George-Town. An indisputable title will be made to the purchaser.—One half of the purchase to be paid upon the execution of the deed in cash, or young negroes valued at cash price, and two years will be allowed for the ballance.

October 28. (28) 1aw

NOTICE.

The Stages between Alexandria and Richmond, will travel on SUNDAYS, until the public are notified to the contrary.

The Proprietors.

Valuable Family Medicines.

Just received direct from the Patentees, and
FOR SALE BY
JAMES KENNEDY, JUN.
DRUGGIST;
The following Valuable Medicines:

Dr. Rawson's Anti-Bilious and Stomachal Bitters.

PREPARED BY
THOMAS H. RAWSON,
Member of the Connecticut Medical Society.

THESE Bitters have undoubtedly had the most rapid sale of any Patent Medicine ever before discovered, and are justly appreciated for their singular and uncommon virtues for removing weak and decayed constitutions, and all that train of complicated complaints so common in the spring and fall seasons, such as *intermittant Fevers and Agues, long Autumnal Fevers, Dysenteries, &c.* They are also a very pleasant bitter for common use, and where they are known they have taken the place and superceded the use of all other bitters in public houses as well as in private families.—Price 50 cents a box.

Dr. Lee's (Windham Billious Pills.

THE great sale and increasing demand for these valuable pills for these twelve years past, bespeak their intrinsic worth. They have proved singularly efficacious in *Billious and Yellow fevers, Jaundice, Head Aachs, Dysenteries, Billious Cholic, Costiveness, Female complaints, &c.*

The very great demand and high esteem in which these pills are held throughout the United States and the West Indies, has induced many to counterfeit them; the purchaser is requested to observe that the name of Samuel Lee, jun. (the patentee) is affixed to each bill of directions, in his own hand writing, or they will not be genuine Price 50 cents a box.

Dr. Rawson's Anti Billious Pills
or, Family Physic.

The extraordinary celebrity these pills have gained, the universal demand for them and esteem of which they are held by medical men of the first eminence, are sufficient testimonials of their intrinsic worth. In great colds and sudden attacks of disorders, an early use of these pills often produces the happiest effects, and taken once in eight or ten days in cases of indigestion, headachs, dizziness, pains in the stomach and bowels, dysentries, diarehœas, dropsies, &c. and a liberal use of my anti billious bitters in the intermediate time has relieved patients almost to a miracle—price 25 cents a box.

Thompson's Aromatic Tooth Paste.

For the scurvy in the teeth and gums, and for whitening and preserving the teeth. It likewise takes off all disagreeable smells from the breath, which generally arises from scorbutic gums and bad teeth. This paste is much in use, and highly esteemed by all those who value the preservation of their teeth, it may be applied at all times with the greatest safety. It is neatly put up in pewter boxes with paper directions. Price 50 cents a box.

Dr. Rawson's Worm Powders.

A medicine which for efficacy and safety in its operation stands unrivalled. The most authenticated proofs and respectable authorities of its astonishing virtues, and surprising effects, in extreme and alarming cases of worms, may be seen at the place of sale. Price 50 cents a packet.

Dr. Cooley's Vegetable Elixir;
Or Cough Drops,

For Coughs, Colds, Asthmas, spitting of blood and all diseases of the *lungs*. Its merits stand unrivalled. Price 50 cents a bottle.

Dr. Cooley's Rheumatic Pills,
Price 50 cents a box.

Hinkley's Infallible remedy for the Piles.

Price 50 Cents a Box.

Very particular directions accompanying each of these valuable medicines.

He has likewise for Sale,

A general assortment of Drugs, Patent Medicines, Shop furniture and Vials; a few handsome Hall Lamps; Indian Shades; proof vials, Essence of Spruce; Patent Blacking; Madeira and Sherry wine; black bottles in hogsheads; paints ground in oil; and a few barrels Flaxseed Oil, which he will sell on reasonable terms for cash, or to punctual customers on a short credit.

☞ A generous allowance will be made to those who purchase the above Medicines by the dozen

March 7. 2aw

Fall Goods.

JOSEPH RIDDLE,
HAS RECEIVED
Per the ship LEONIDAS, *and* BOSTON, *from Liverpool—and the* WOLF, *from London,*
The greater part of his FALL ASSORTMENT:
And daily expects the residue by the ship William and John.

September 22. d1wcotf

NOTICE.

UNDER the authority of a decree of the honorable circuit court of the district of Columbia, sitting at Alexandria, made at March adjourned session, 1806, in a suit in chancery between Jacob Hoffman and John Janney, complainants—and Thomas Richards, defendant—we will expose to sale, on the premises, on *SATURDAY*, the 20th day of next month,

A LOT OF GROUND,
With the Improvements and Buildings thereon,

Situate on the north side of King-street and west side of Pitt-street, beginning at the intersection of the said streets and extending west on King-street 43 feet to a 3 feet alley, and extending in depth Pitt-street 78 feet. The sum of 552 dollars and 47 cents of the purchase money will be required in cash—on the balance a credit of 4, 6, and 9 months will be allowed, on giving negotiable notes with approved endorsers.

Joseph Riddle,
Peter Wise, jun.
James Russel, } *Comrs.*

November 28. 2awts

Lost or Mislaid,

A *CERTIFICATE* for 25 shares of the Marine Insurance Company of Alexandria, from No. 5698 to 5722 inclusive—20 of which were indorsed as transferred to *Paul Busti*, on the 27th March, 1803. This Certificate is suspected to have been lost in Baltimore some time between last February and this day. Information thereof, given to the office of the above company, or to this office, will be thankfully acknowledged.

November 15. 1aw6w

NOTICE.

THE subscribers, to whom *Adam Douglass*, of the town of Winchester, has conveyed certain property, as trustees for the benefit of such of his creditors as shall accede to the terms particularized in the deed of conveyance, *hereby give notice*, that they will proceed on the 15th day of December next, to carry into effect the trust to them confided, by disposing of the property and distributing the proceeds among the creditors according to the terms of the above mentioned deed of trust, and in such a manner as they or a majority of those who shall accede thereto shall direct.

Henry St. G. Tucker,
Alfred H. Powell.

November 25. 2aw 15th Dec

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Mutual Assurance Society, against Fire on Buildings of the state of Virginia, held at the General Office, on the 30th of September, 1806, the following Resolution was adopted, which is by order of the Board published for the information of the persons concerned, viz:

A GREAT variety of causes having concurred to render it inconvenient and impracticable to complete the revaluation of those buildings in the towns and in the country, which had been insured prior to the 30th of January, 1805, at the period limited by the last resolution of the Board on that subject.

Resolved, therefore, that the special agents of this Society be allowed till the first day of December next inclusive, to complete the revaluation of all buildings which have been insured as aforesaid, within the districts and towns for which they may have been severally appointed; and that no further indulgence hereafter, will be extended to those members of the Society, who shall fail to have their buildings revalued, on or before the said first day of December next.

Alexander M'Rea, *Pres. M. A. S.*
Teste,
Lewis M. Rivalain, C. B. D.

October 8. [N.24.] 1aw3t

This is to give Notice,

That the subscribers, of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, have obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, letters testamentary on the personal estate of *John Dunlap*, late of the county aforesaid deceased; all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit them with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, on or before the 19th day of May next, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate. Given under our hands this 19th day of November, 1806.

Samuel Craig,
Wm. Herbert, } *Ex'rs.*

November 19. 2aw6w

N. B. All persons indebted to the above estate are requested to make immediate payment to the executors,

TO RENT,

A CONVENIENT *DWELLING-HOUSE*, on Duke-street, near the collector's office—Also the House, at present occupied by myself. GURDEN CHAPIN.

November 21. cow

☞ *REMOVAL.*

The Subscriber has removed his Store to King street, opposite the Washington Tavern.

Where he has for Sale,

By the piece or package some of which are entitled to drawback

Burlaps, osnaburgs and ticklenburgs,
Hessians and brown rolls,
White and brown platillas,
Round & white yarn dowlass,
Bocadillas and quadruple Silesias,
German shirting and sheeting linens,
Superfine and second cloths,
Cassimeres and Manchestry,
Fine and coarse coatings and flannels,
Plains, kerseys, and Kendal cottons
Rose and striped blankets,
Worsted and mill'd hose,
Cotton and silk ditto
Plain and furniture dimities
Chintzes and calicoes,
Silk & cotton cambrics and undressed ginghams,
Cannons muslins and cambric dimities,
A variety of plain and fancy muslins
Flanders laces and edgings,
An elegant assortment of ribbands,
Satins, lutestrings, pelongs and sarsnets
Silk, picnic and lace gloves, mitts & sleeves
Silk velvets and silk shawls
Split straw and Leghorn bonnets
¼ and ⅛ Irish linens
Shirting and apron checks
White and colored threads
Durants, wildboars and bombazetts
Russia sheetings and ravens ducks
Garrahs, buffas, copas and mamoodies
Gilly's and common check handkerchiefs
Fresh imperial tea in small chests
Scotch and rappee snuff in kegs and boxes
M, F, FF, and eagle Brandywine gunpowder, in kegs

And a variety of other articles all of which will be sold on the most moderate terms, either wholesale or retail.

A. C. CAZENOVE.

October 11. s tuth

TO BE SOLD

For ready Money.

To the highest bidder, at Public Auction, at DAWSON's TAVERN, in the county of Loudoun and town of LEESBURG, on TUESDAY, the 6th day of January next, by virtue of a decree of the court of the United States, for the fifth circuit, in the Virginia district, pronounced at May term last, in a suit depending in said court between the executors of *Daniel Mildred*, deceased, who was surviving partner of *Mildred and Roberts*, plaintiffs, and *Samuel Hough* and others defendants—

300 acres of Land, near Leesburg, on the waters of Tuscarora, in the county of Loudoun—three acres of Meadow near Leesburg, and a House and Lot in Leesburg; or so much thereof as will be sufficient to raise certain sums of money, interest and costs in said decree mentioned.

William Mann,
Armstead Long,
Charles F. Mercer, } *Comrs.*

Richmond, 17th Oct.—22. (Nov. 4.) 1aw8w

To be Rented,

THE two story FRAME HOUSE, on King-street, nearly opposite to Mr. James Bacon's store—Also the HOUSES on Jones's Point, formerly occupied by Mr. William Patterson, with six or seven acres of land adjoining, for one or more years, as may be agreed on—Also one or more acres of the marsh, and the upland adjoining next to Col. Hoge's fence.—Any person or persons disposed to build may have a lot or lots 20 feet by 100 feet, for ten years, at one shilling a foot ground rent; and at the end of the term of ten years, he or they, his or their heirs & assigns, shall be entitled to a renewal of the lease for ten years longer, on paying such ground rent as the lot or lots shall be worth in the opinion of three impartial men, and shall be entitled forever to a renewal of the lease at the expiration of each term of ten years on the same conditions; or they may have lots on a moderate ground rent forever. Apply to Mr. *John Tucker* for the houses, and to the subscriber for the lots.

Stephen Cooke.

Leesburg, Nov. 24. 2aw3w&oawtf

To be Rented,

THE BRICK STORE & COMPTING HOUSE now occupied by Messrs. Ricketts, Newton & Co.—ALSO, the vacant *STORE* adjoining. They are large and convenient, and will be rented low. Apply to

J. H. HOOE.

July 28. law

☞ CASH, and the highest price given for Linen and Cotton Rags, by the Printer of this paper.

JUST RECEIVED,
Gentlemen and Ladies Pocket Almanacks,
For the Year 1807,
In Plain and Morocco Binding.

A COMPENDIUM
Of the Anatomy, Physiology, and Pathology of the HORSE.

Being a clear and familiar description of the various organs and parts, together with their functions, of that useful and beautiful animal, and comprising a view of the disease, and injuries, with their symptoms and modes of cure, to which the several parts are liable—

TOGETHER WITH
A Concise Examination of the Economy and Structure of the FOOT;
And Observations on SHOEING, by B. W. Burke.

The Mariner's Chronicle, complete, in 2 volumes. Being an account of Shipwrecks—Fires, and Famines at Sea.

ALSO,

An assortment of the newest songs, operas, Duett's Sonartas, &c. by Steibelt, Hooke, and other eminent composers, adapted to the Piano Forte and patent German Flute.

Mazzinghis Lusus Harmonix Mutabilis, or Musical Cards, whereby any person unacquainted with Music may compose an infinite variety of Tunes: and some very elegant patent German Flutes in mahogany cases.

For Sale by
James Kennedy, *jun.*

Dec. 2. cotw

This is to give Notice,

That the subscriber, of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, letters testamentary on the personal estate of *James Smith Deblois*, late purser of the United States frigate Constitution, deceased; all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit them with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 21st day of May next, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate—and all persons indebted thereto are requested to make immediate payment, or suits will be instituted to enforce the same. Given under my hand this 21st of November, 1806.

Lewis Deblois, *Ex'r.*

November 21. 3aw6w

JAMES BACON,

At his GROCERY STORE, *on King-street, has in addition to his former stock, added*
A fresh Supply of Genuine Articles in the Grocery Line;
Which makes his assortment complete.
He now offers for sale, on his usual low terms
Muscovado Sugars, of various qualities,
Loaf and Lump ditto,
Gunpowder,
Imperial,
Hyson,
Young Hyson,
Hyson-Skin, and
Souchong } *TEAS*, particularly selected for family use.
Best green Coffee,
Chocolate, of a superior quality
Madeira,
Busellos,
Sherry,
Lisbon,
Teneriffe,
Malaga, and
Genuine old Port } *WINES.*
Cognac and Bourdeaux Brandy,
Old Jamaica Spirit, for family use,
Antigua, St. Croix, St. Vincents, and New England Rum,
Holland Gin,
Irish and country Whisky,
Molasses, Wine, and Cider Vinegar,
Stoughton's Bitters,
Mace, nutmegs, cloves, cassia, pimento, Cayenne and black pepper, race and ground ginger, basket salt for table use, pearl barley, rice, starch, fig blue, soap, mould, dipt and spermaceti candles, refined salt-petre, flour, indigo, allum, copperas, madder, brimstone, spinning cotton, patent shot all sizes, best english and country made gunpowder, segars and smoaking tobacco, very best chewing tobacco.

Hamilton and Leiper's snuff, Hunter's pipes in boxes.

London mustard, warranted of a superior quality, Dixon's best ditto, wrapping paper, demijohns, &c. &c. with generally every article in his line—the whole of which have been selected with care, and will be disposed of on the very lowest terms.

July 16. d

TO RENT,

A TWO STORY FRAME DWELLING HOUSE, situate on Cameron-street near the corner, together with a Frame Building on the corner of Cameron and Pitt-streets now occupied as a coach-makers' shop, but would make a good stable, and a vacant lot. For terms apply to

James H. Hooe, *Adm'r.*
B. DANDRIDGE, deceased.

September 18. co

PRINTED DAILY BY
SAMUEL SNOWDEN.